

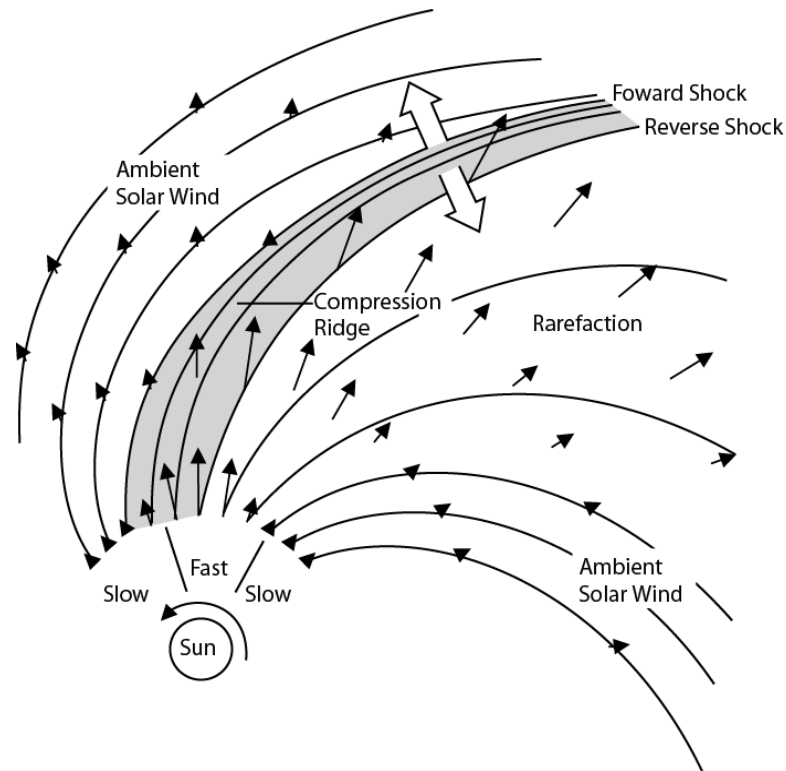
Multipoint Study of Solar Wind at Solar Minimum

**Lan K. Jian, Christopher T. Russell
IGPP, UCLA**

STEREO SWG

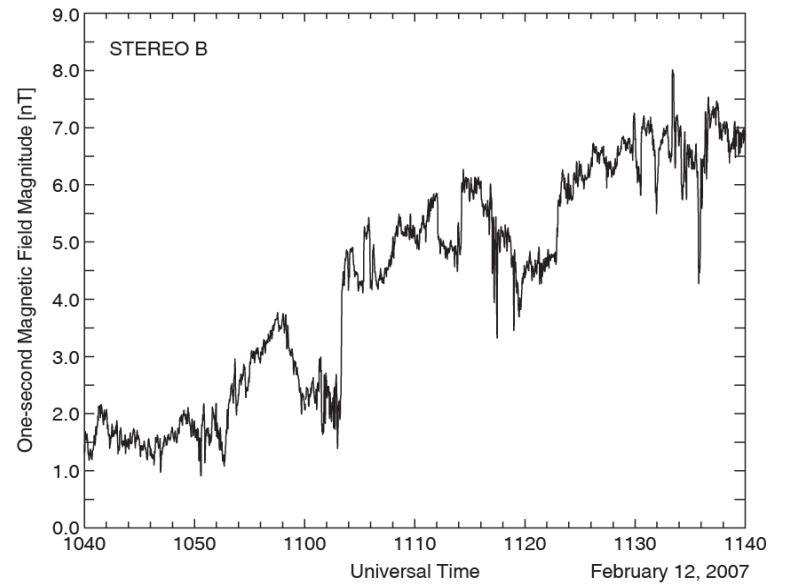
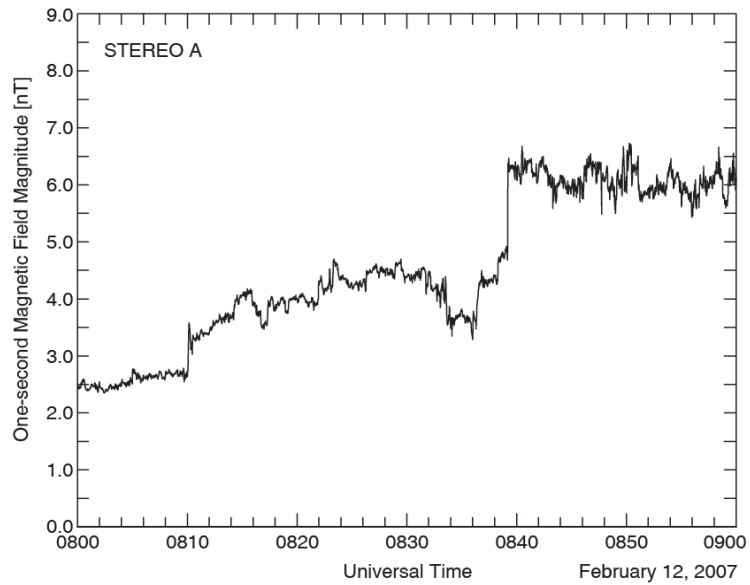
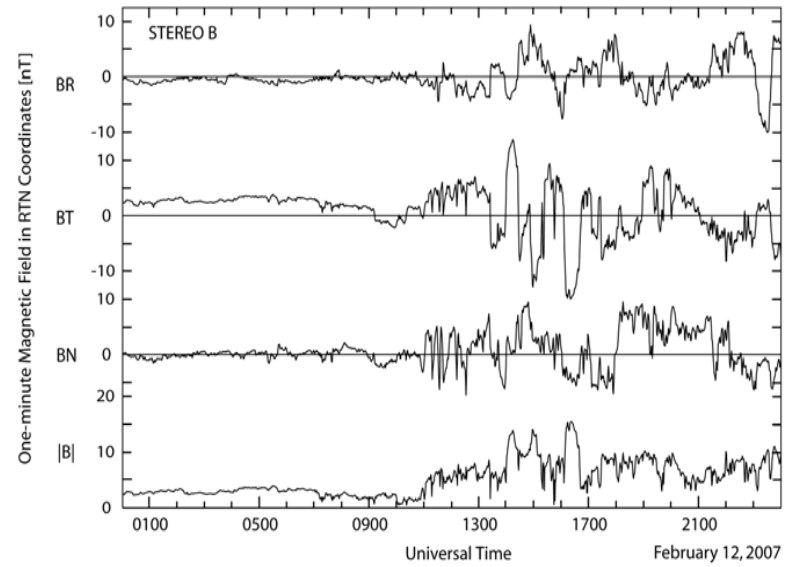
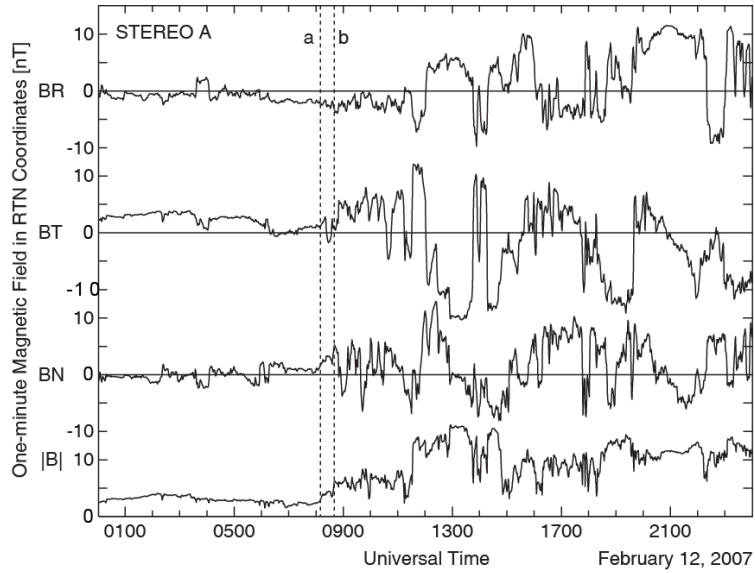
Caltech Nov.14, 2007

Interplanetary Shock Genesis at 1 AU Due to Stream Interaction



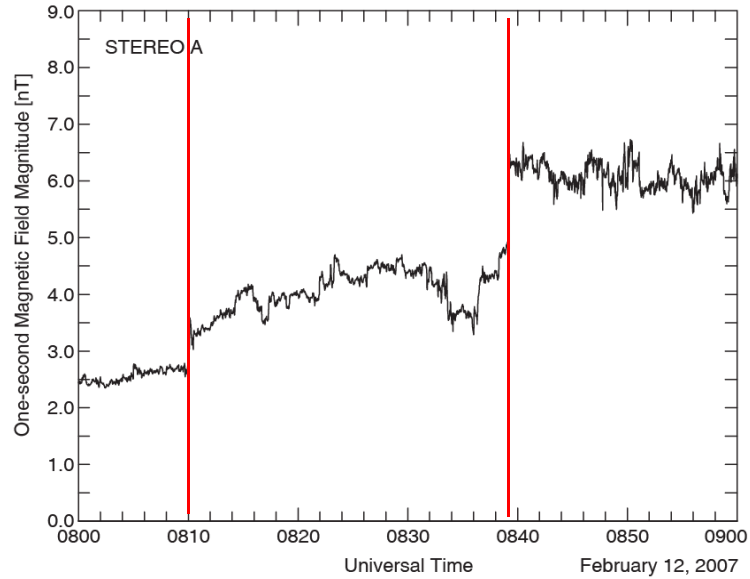
STEREO A

STEREO B

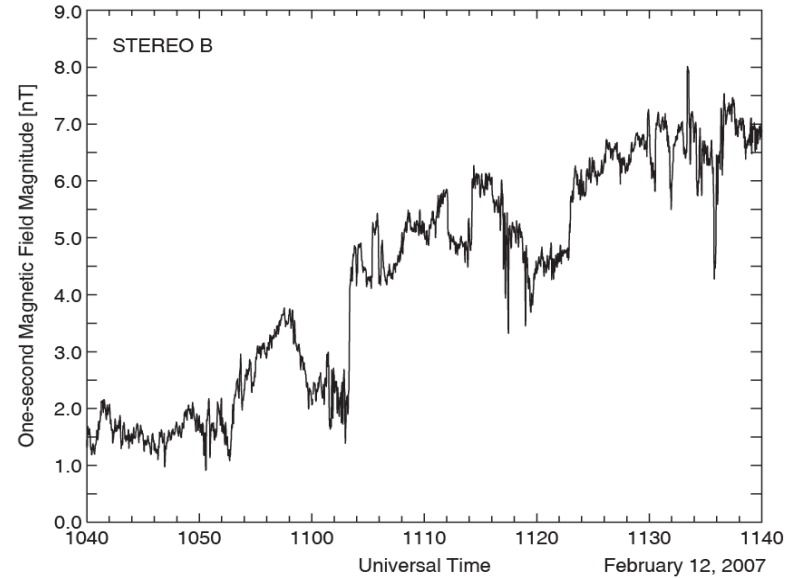




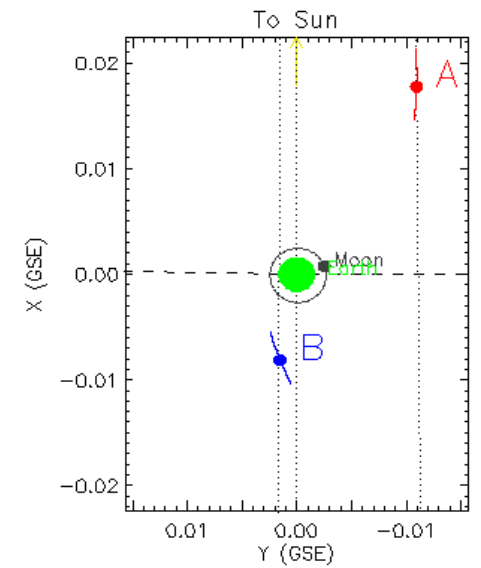
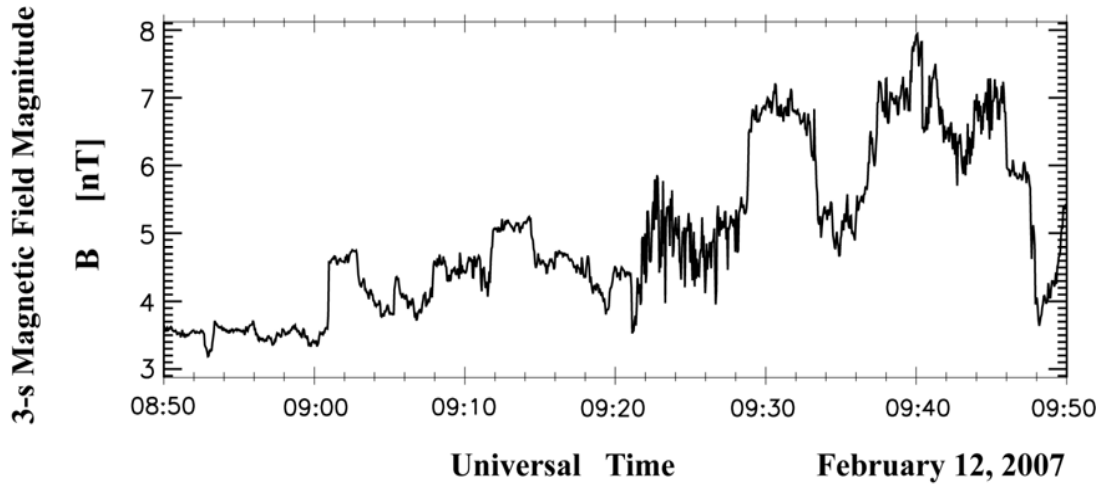
STEREO A

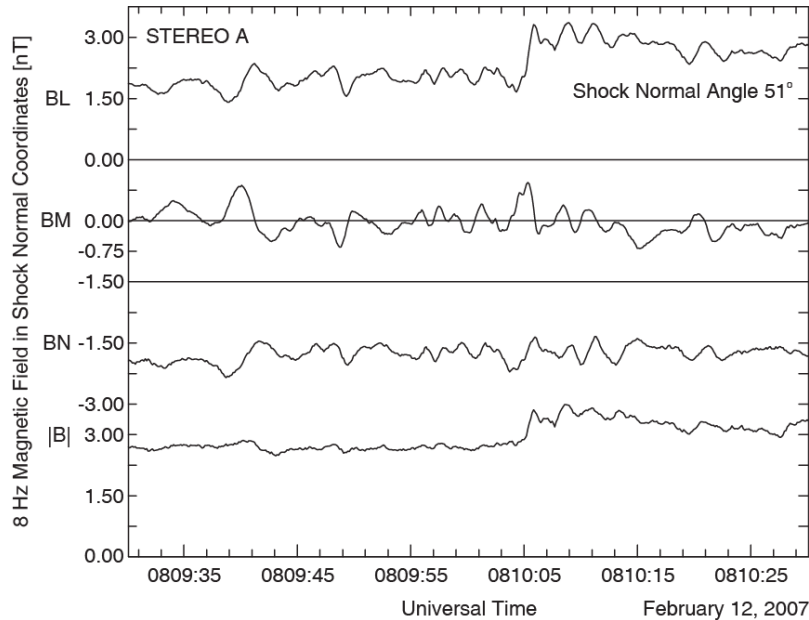


STEREO B



Wind

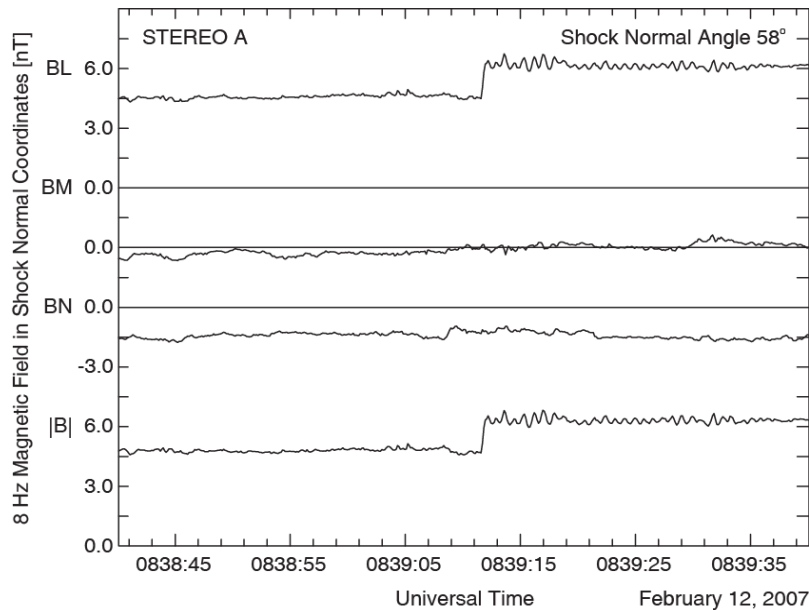




Shock normal:

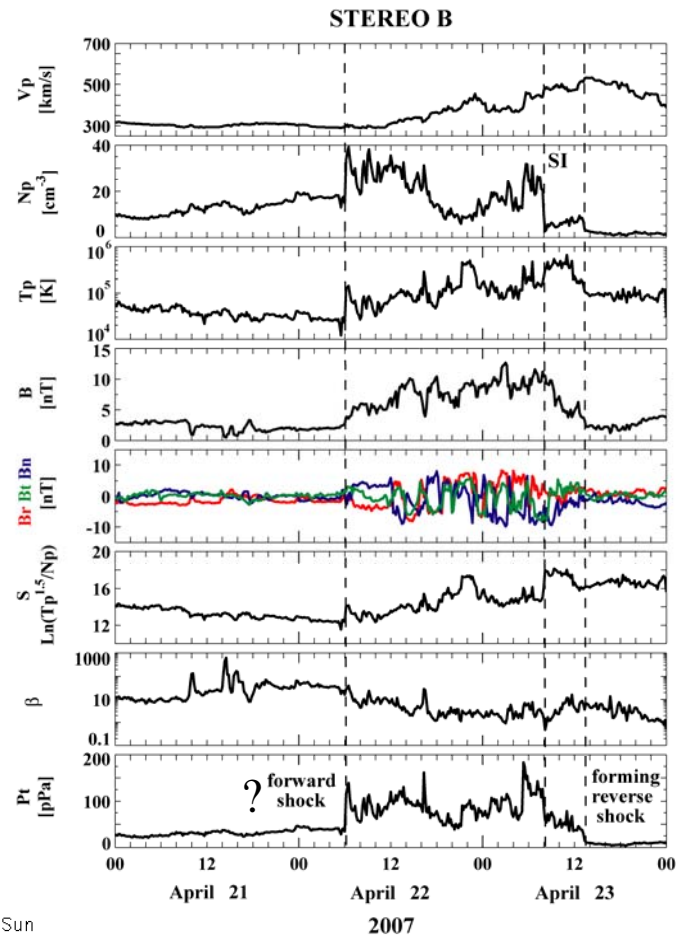
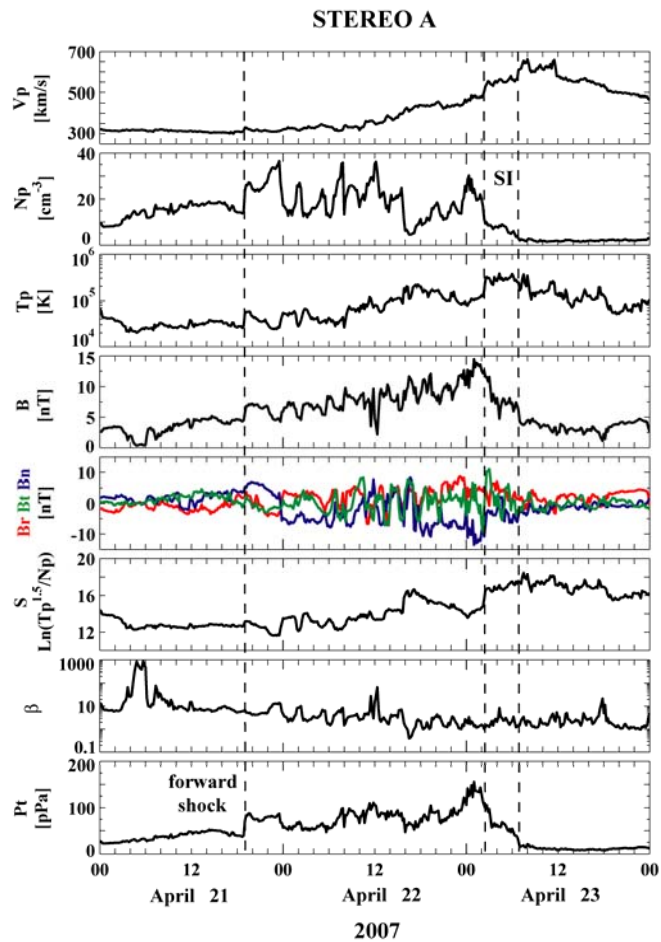
$$\mathbf{N}_1 = 0.91\mathbf{R} + 0.37\mathbf{T} - 0.20\mathbf{N}$$

$$\mathbf{N}_2 = 0.93\mathbf{R} + 0.30\mathbf{T} + 0.22\mathbf{N}$$



The normal directions of the two forward shocks at STEREO A were similar. They might eventually form a single forward shock leading the SIR.

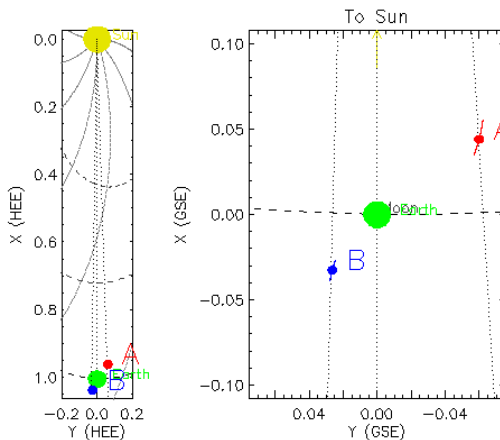
**Multipoint Study of
Stream Interaction Region
(SIR)**



Shock normal in RTN coordinates

A: $0.64\mathbf{R}+0.04\mathbf{T}-0.77\mathbf{N}$
B: $0.16\mathbf{R}-0.32\mathbf{T}+0.94\mathbf{N}$

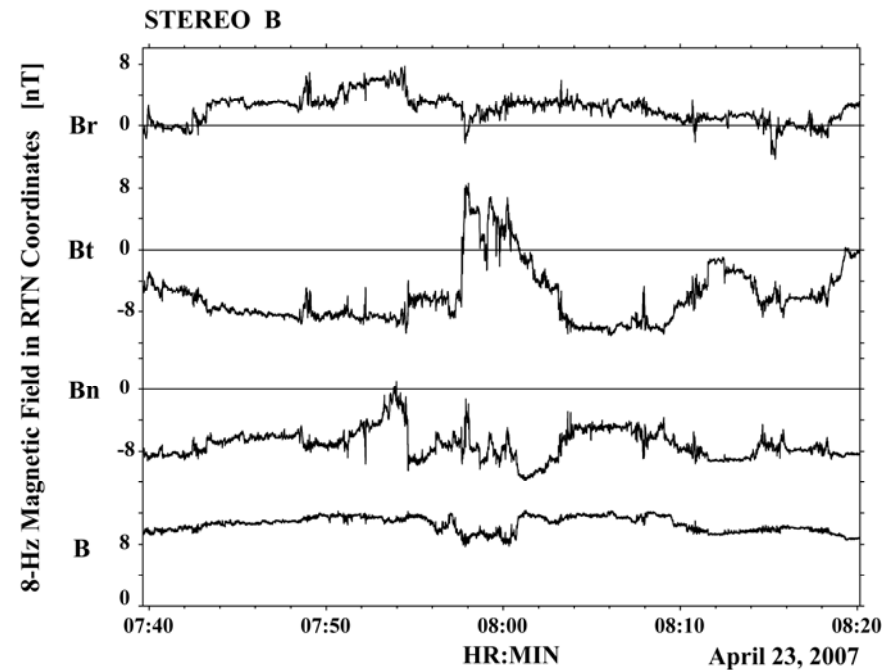
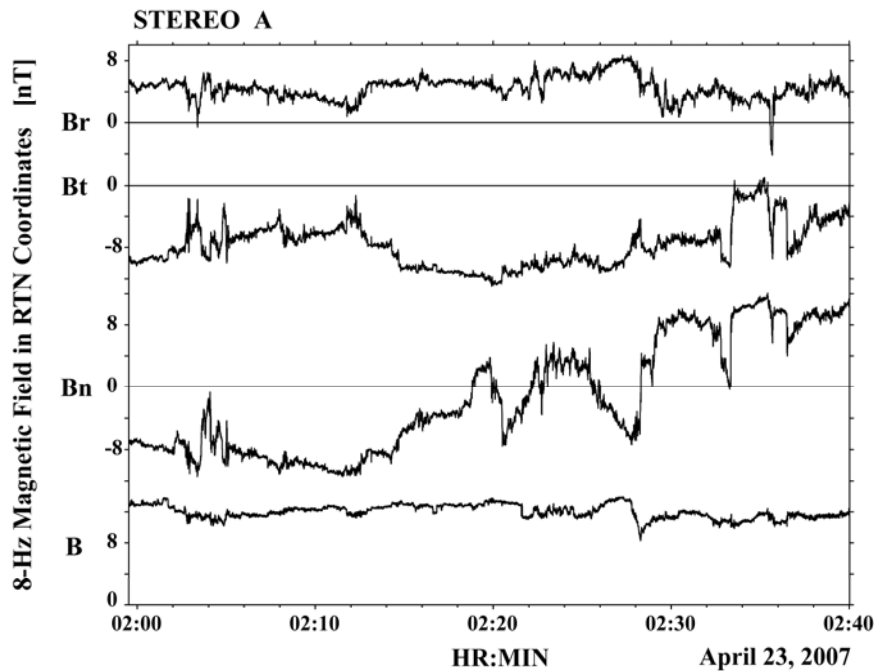
The shock at B is ambiguous, possibly an Earth's bow shock



Stream interface (SI) in RTN coordinates

A: $0.84\mathbf{R}+0.54\mathbf{T}-0.04\mathbf{N}$
B: $0.98\mathbf{R}-0.05\mathbf{T}+0.17\mathbf{N}$

Magnetic Field Near Stream Interface

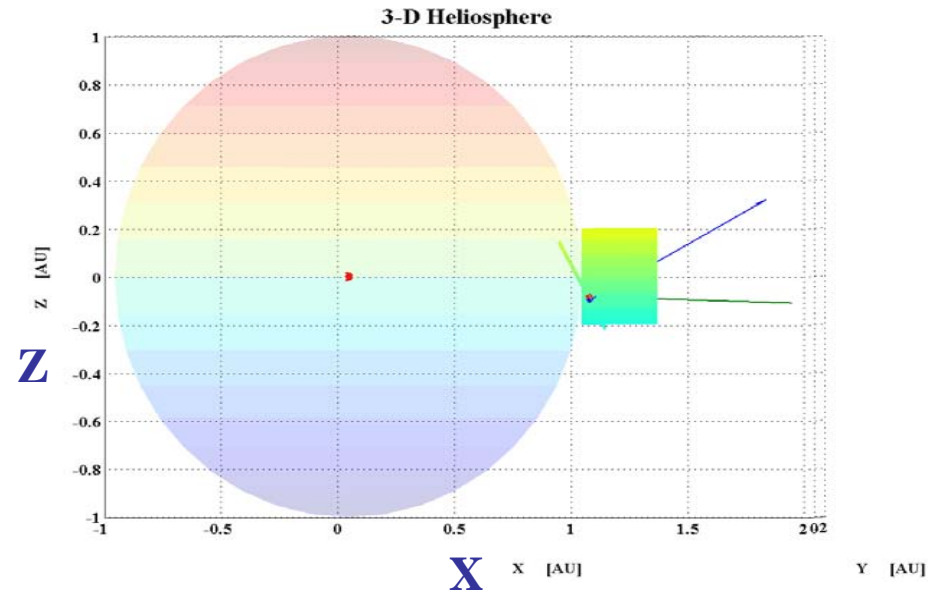
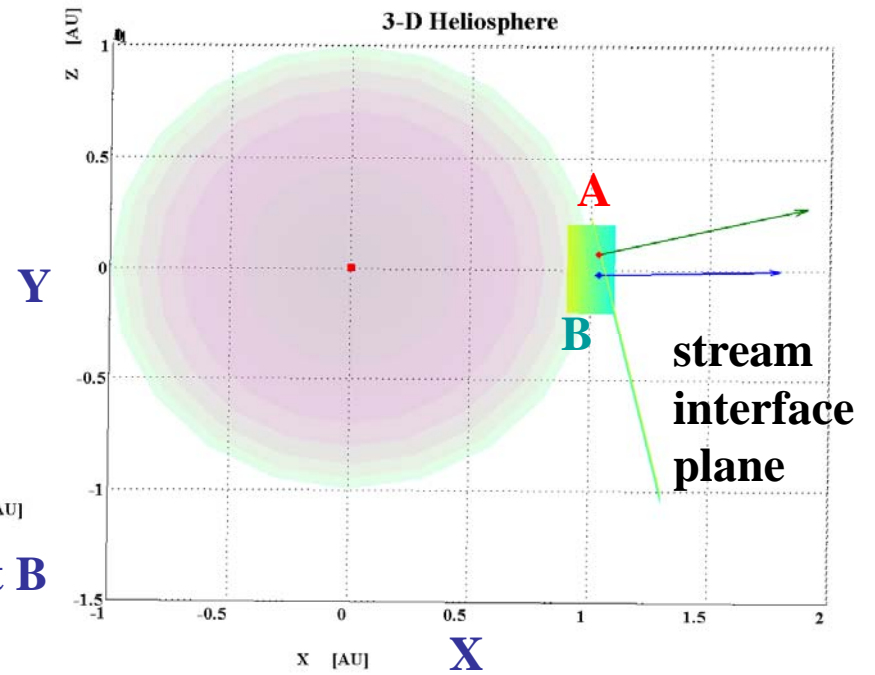
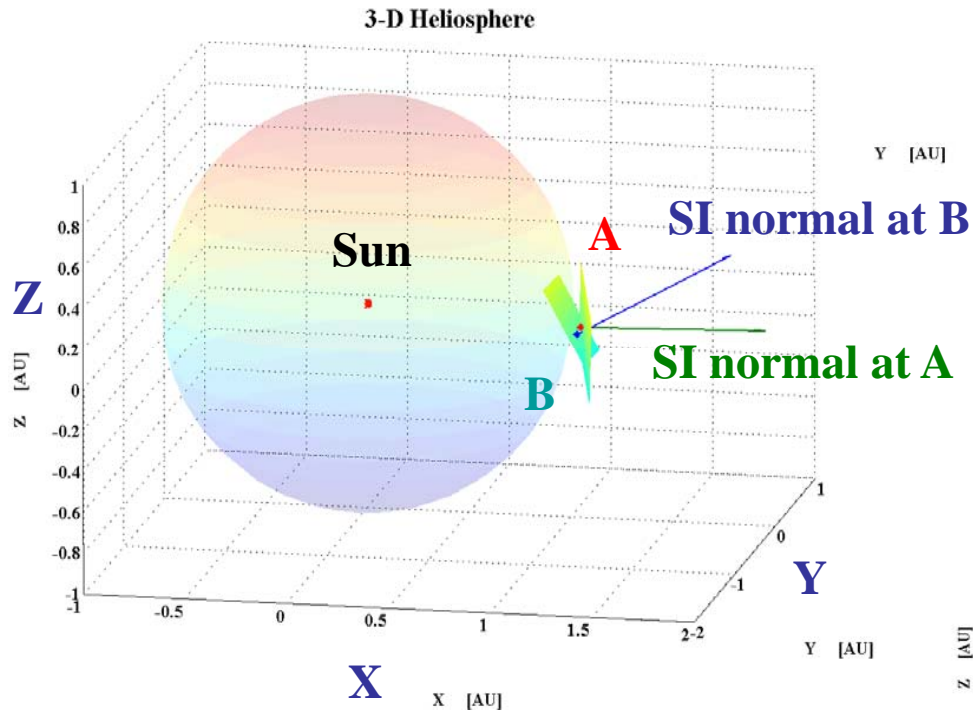


Hard to point out the clear stream interface

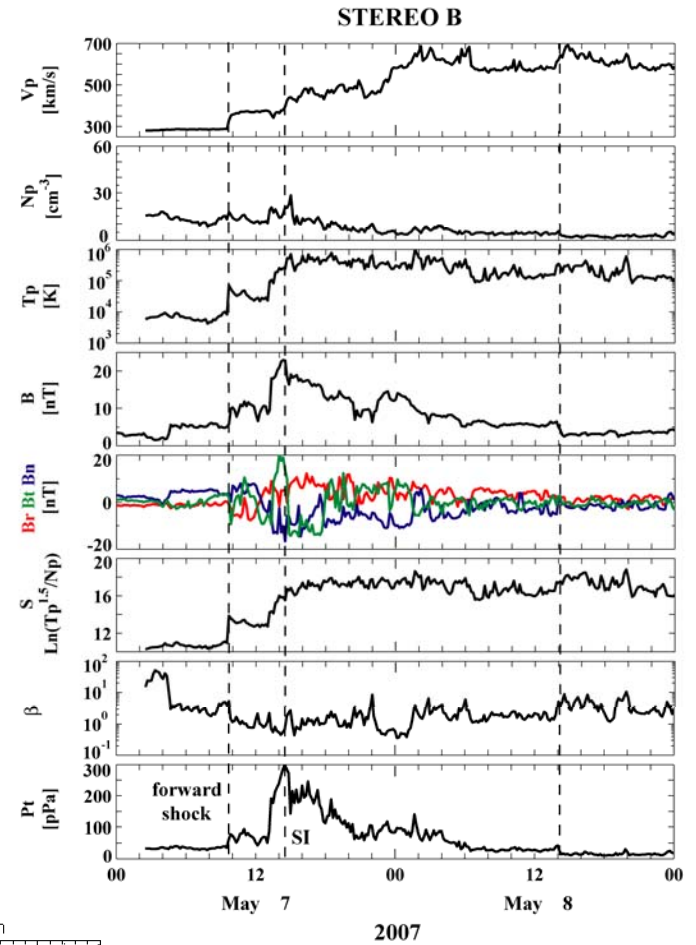
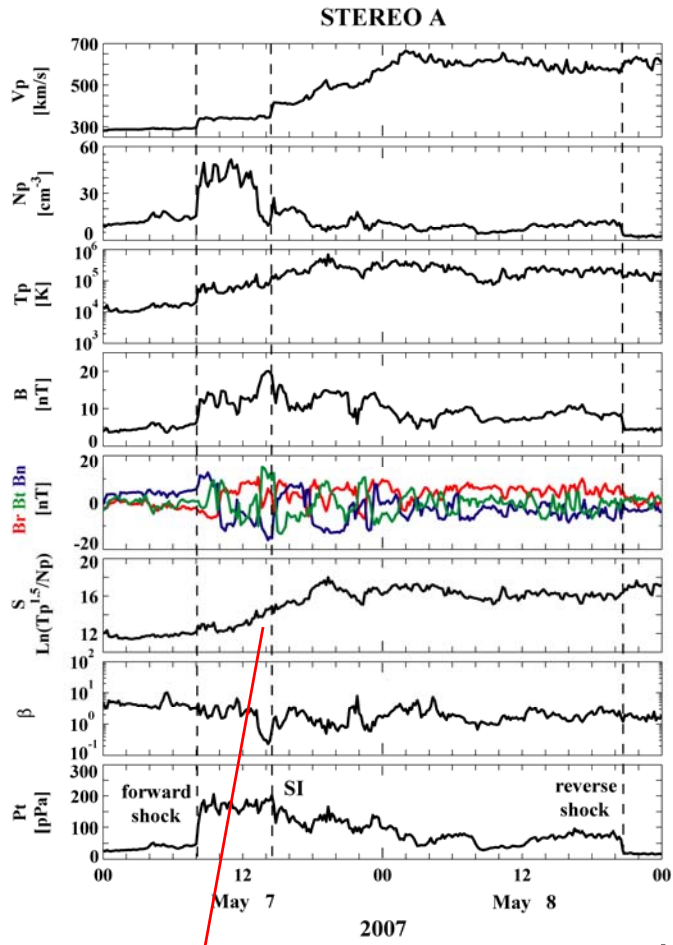
Stream interface (SI) in RTN coordinates

A: $0.84R + 0.54T - 0.04N$

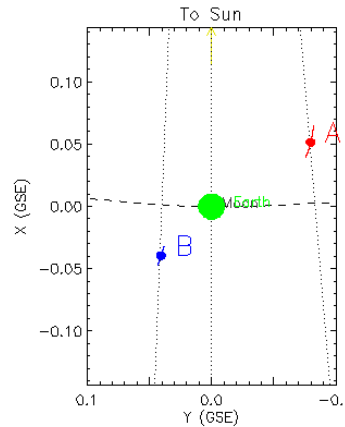
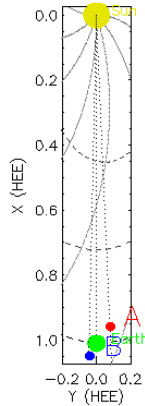
B: $0.98R - 0.05T + 0.17N$



The angle between the two interfaces was about 37.9°



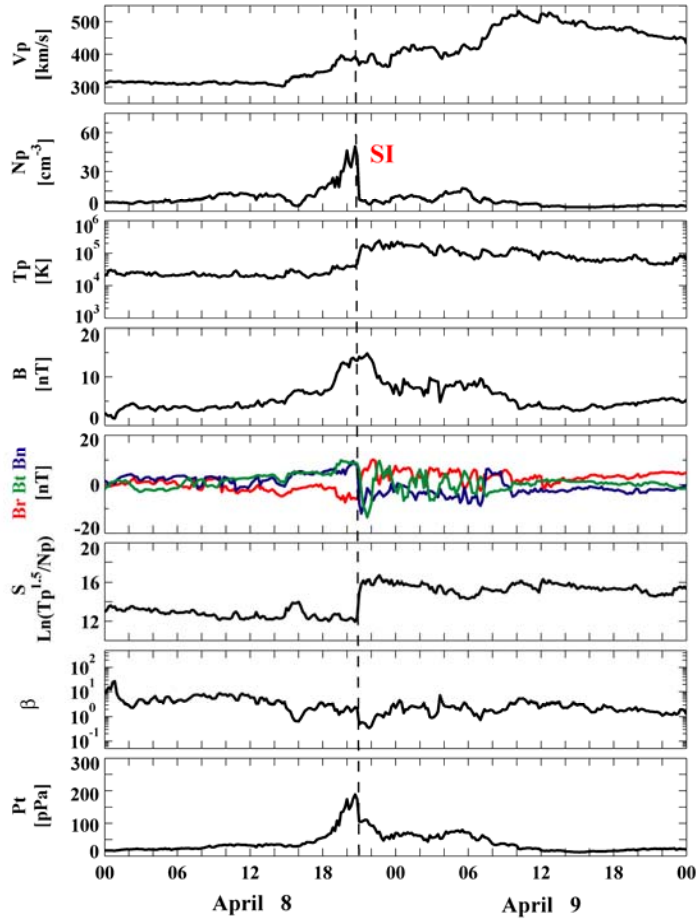
gradual increase of entropy suggests the existence of the dissipation between streams



Shock normal in RTN coordinates

A: 0.85R+0.50T-0.17N
B: 0.86R+0.49T+0.13N

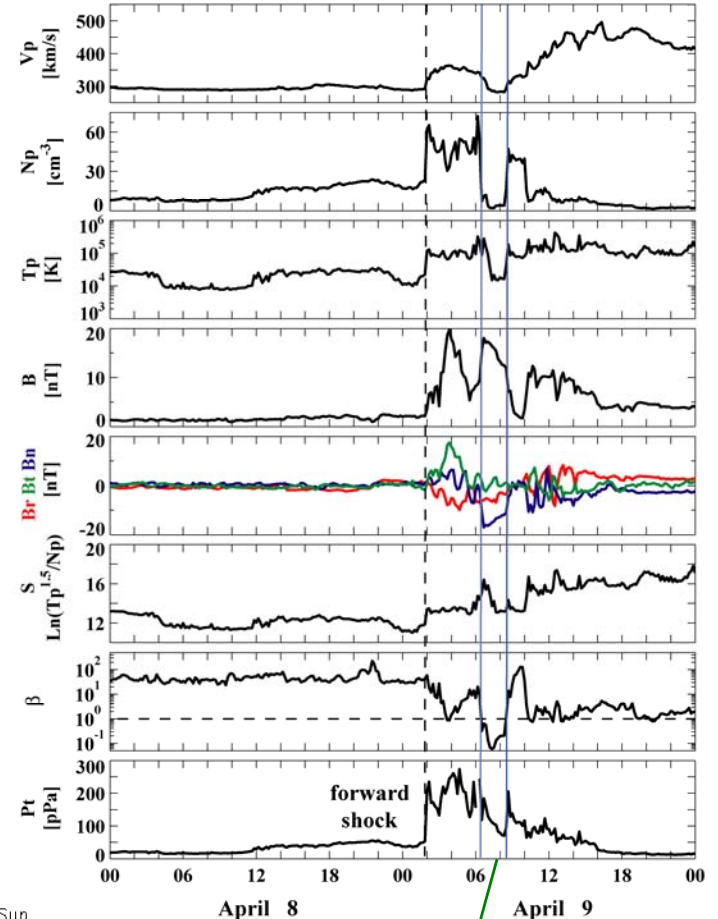
STEREO A



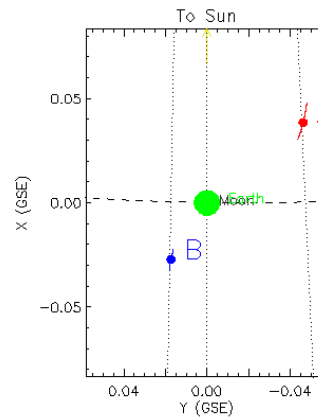
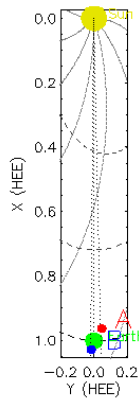
2007

SI: 0.86R+0.06T+0.51N

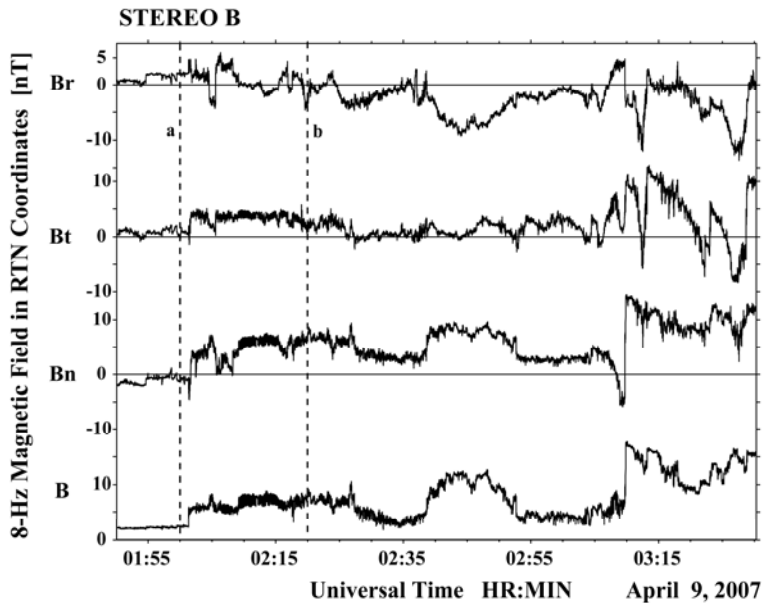
STEREO B



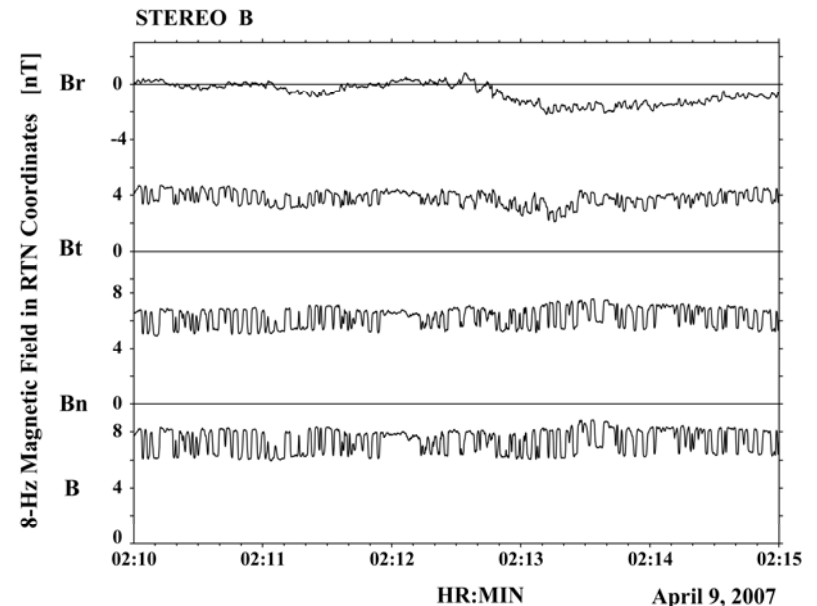
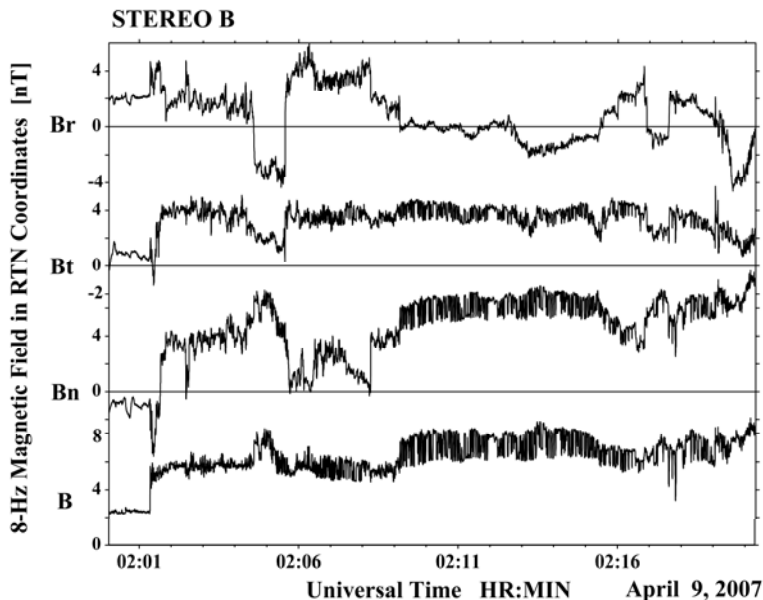
2007



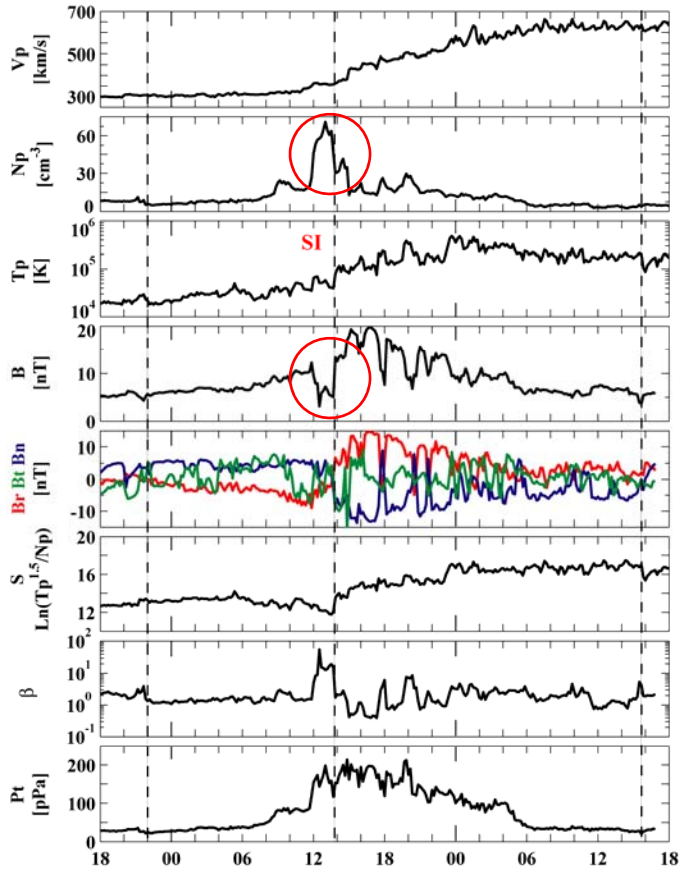
Probably a small flux rope with low Np, Tp, and high B



- STEREO B was at about (636, 408, 81) R_E in GSE coordinates
- It observed frequent passes of Earth's bow shock (~2s once)
- Consistent with the flare angle of the Earth's bow shock becoming much larger under a strong solar-wind magnetic field strength

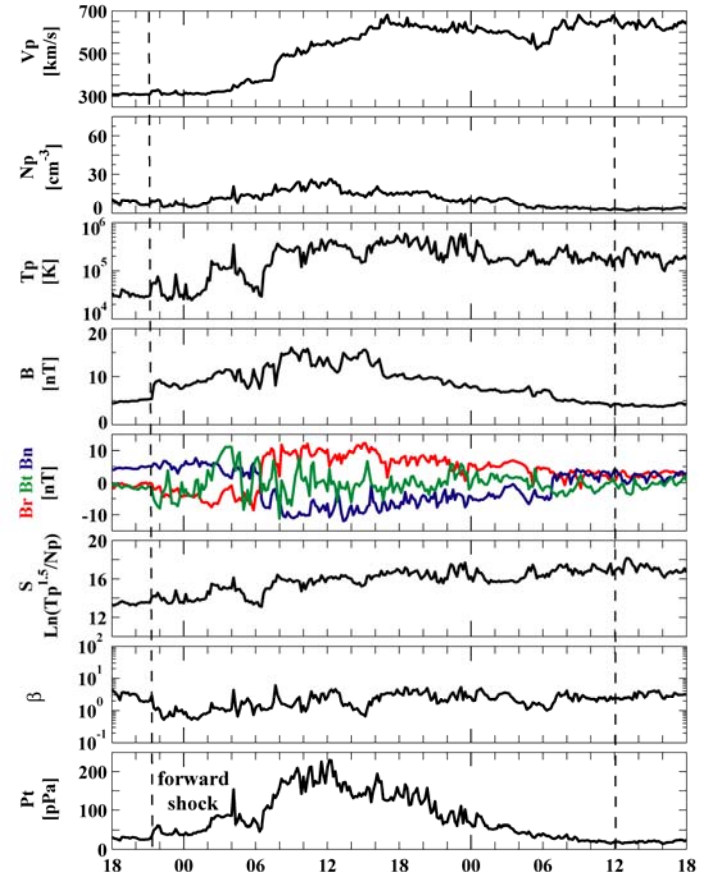


STEREO A



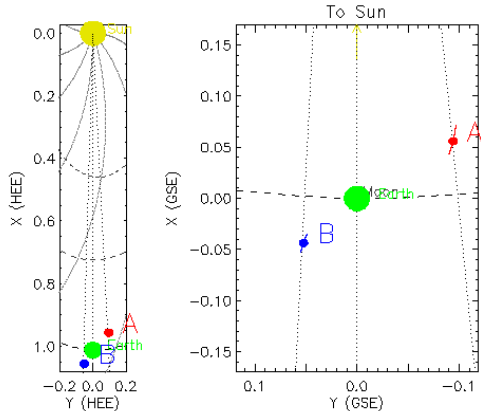
May 18 2007 May 19

STEREO B



May 18 2007 May 19

SI: 0.70R-0.37T+0.62N

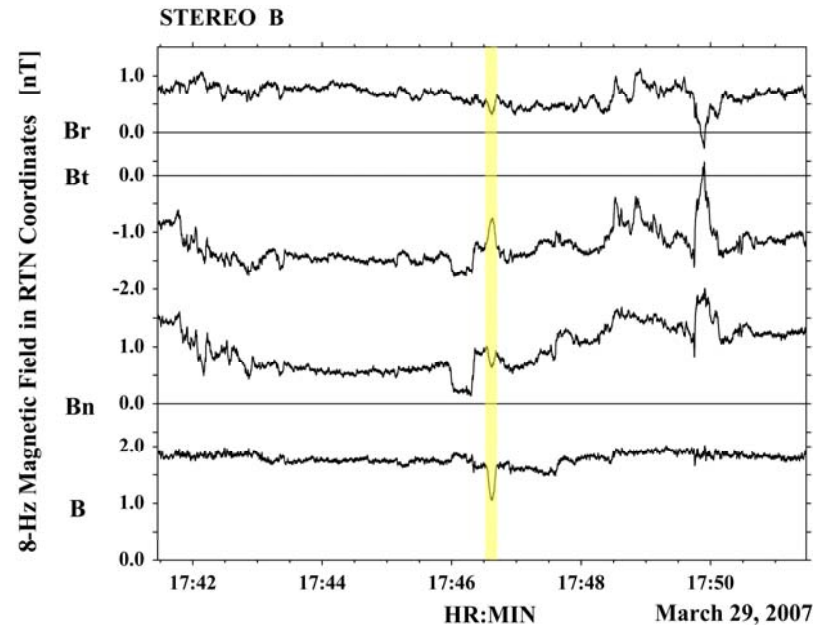
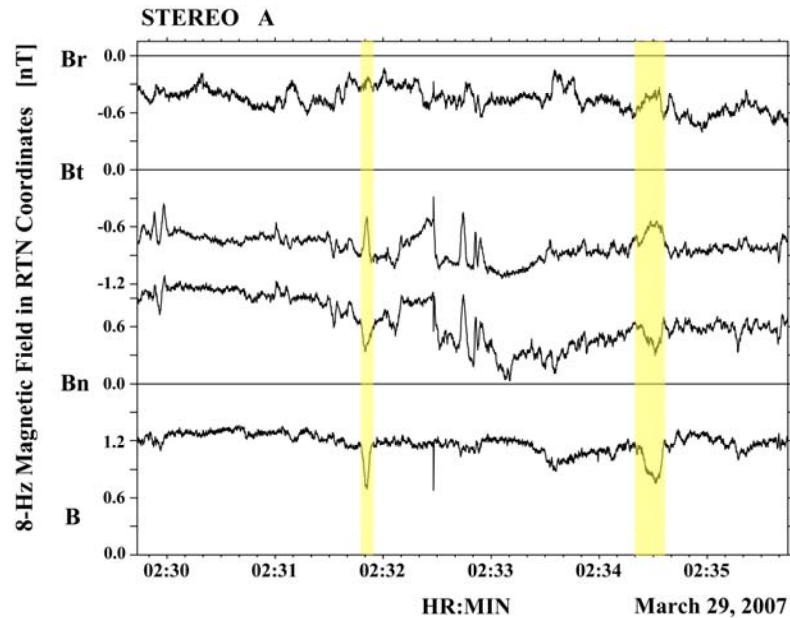


Summary of Multipoint Observations of SIRs during Feb – May of 2007

- ✓ **Most SIRs appeared earlier at STEREO A than STEREO B → the radial propagation time from A to B spacecraft was longer than the corotation time from B to A spacecraft for SIRs**
- ✓ **Shock association with SIRs differ between the two spacecraft, but not necessarily more shocks at B spacecraft, which observed SIRs often later**
- ✓ **The plasma properties and magnetic field within the SIRs could differ significantly at the two locations for some events**
- ✓ **The temporal profiles of the combined parameters (entropy and Pt), could also change much from A to B spacecraft**
- ✓ **Heliospheric current sheet crossings were observed at several SIRs**
- ✓ **The stream interfaces did not strictly follow the Parker spiral, and the shock driven by SIRs near 1 AU should be of small scales and somewhat transient.**

Small-Scale Structures

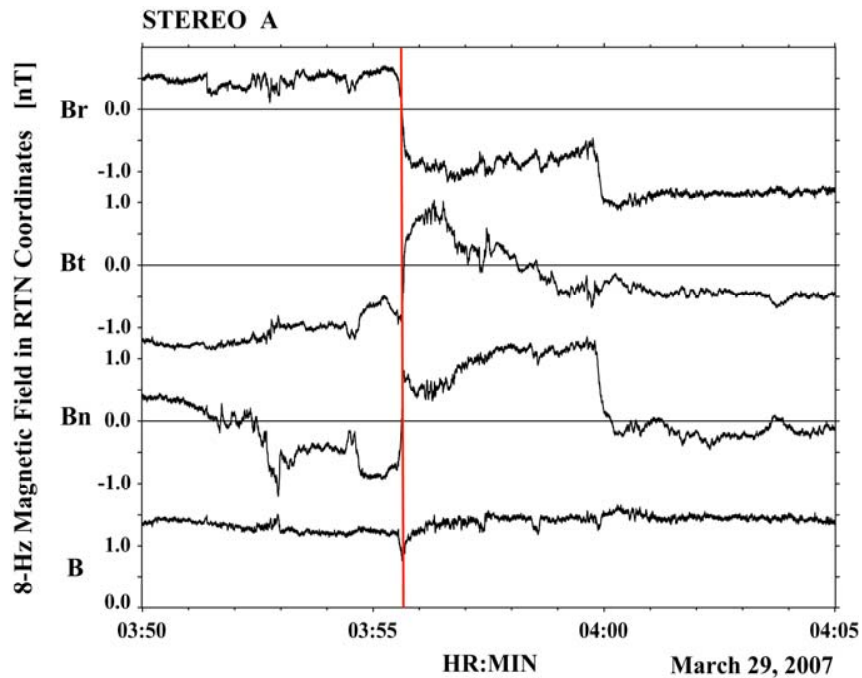
Magnetic Holes



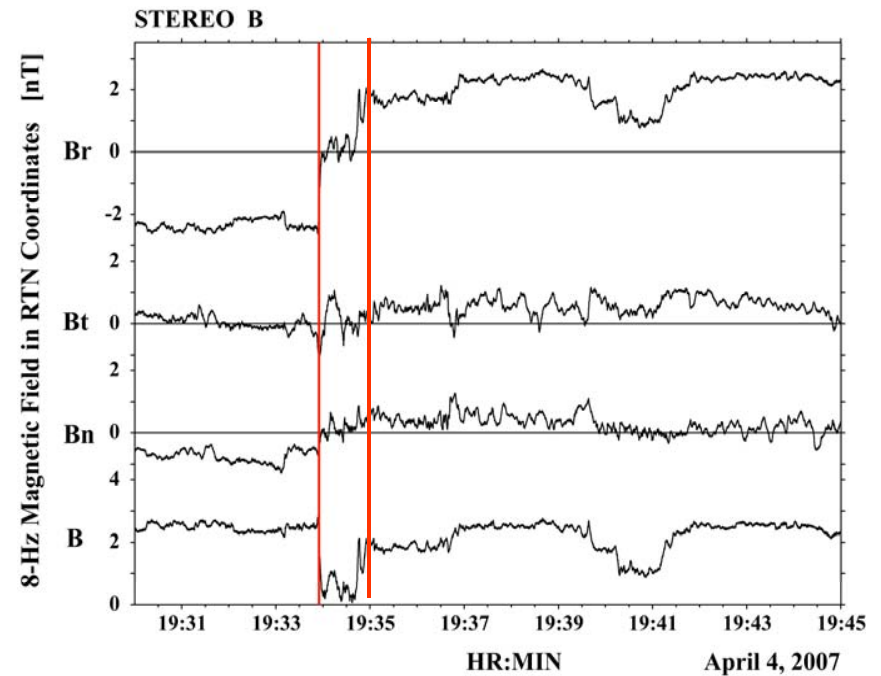
To study

- the occurrence rate and the properties of magnetic holes vs. the plasma properties
- the variations of the occurrence rate and properties of magnetic holes from STEREO A to B spacecraft

Discontinuities



$$B1 \wedge B2 = 158^\circ$$



$$B1 \wedge B2 = 162^\circ$$

Backup

